# Deep Learning Approach for Singer Voice Classification of Vietnamese Popular Music

Pham Van Toan<sup>1</sup> Tran Ngo Quang Ngoc<sup>1</sup> Ta Minh Thanh<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>R&D Department Sun-Asterisk Inc.

<sup>2</sup>Faculty of Computer Science Le Quy Don Technical University

The 10th International Symposium on Information and Communication Technology, December 2019



SoICT 2019 1 / 19

# Table of Contents

#### The overalls

- Motivation
- Technologies
- Our model
- 2 The specifics
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 3 The experiments
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 4 The afterthoughts

∃ ▶ ∢

## Table of Contents

#### The overalls

- Motivation
- Technologies
- Our model
- 2 The specifics
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 3 The experiments
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 4 The afterthoughts

( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( )

< □ > < 凸

### Motivation

The collections of digital music is growing rapidly.

• We need an automatic audio metadata tagging system.



(B)

#### Motivation

## Motivation

The collections of digital music is growing rapidly.

- We need an automatic audio metadata tagging system.
- Specifically, we are tackling the singer problem.



# Technologies

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes





< □ > < 同 >

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

 We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.

(B)

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

 We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.

For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  Classical features

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  - Classical features
    - Formant-based

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  - Classical features
    - Formant-based
    - Frequency response

3 1 4 3 1

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  - Classical features
    - Formant-based
    - Frequency response
    - Hidden Markov Model

Toan et. al (Sun\*)

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  - Classical features
    - Formant-based
    - Frequency response
    - Hidden Markov Model
  - Current standard

 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  - Classical features
    - Formant-based
    - Frequency response
    - Hidden Markov Model
  - Current standard
    - Short-Time Fourier Transform (STFT)



 Traditionally, the task is solved with classical models. for e.g., SVM, k-NN, Naive Bayes

- We will be using deep learning. New technologies give SotA results.
- For audio features, we opted to use the current de facto standard.
  - Classical features
    - Formant-based
    - Frequency response
    - Hidden Markov Model
  - Current standard
    - Short-Time Fourier Transform (STFT)
    - Mel Frequency Cepstrum Coefficients (MFCC)

3 > 4 3

#### Our model

#### Vocal Segmentation



#### Our model

### Our model

- Vocal Segmentation
- Vocal Separation



## Our model

- Vocal Segmentation
- Vocal Separation
- Vocal Classification



#### Model visualization



★ ■ ト ■ = つへへ SoICT 2019 7/19

# Table of Contents

- 1 The overalls
  - Motivation
  - Technologies
  - Our model
- 2 The specifics
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 3 The experiments
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 4 The afterthoughts

### **Vocal Segmentation**

#### We use Convolutional Neural Network on the audio spectrogram.





Toan et. al (Sun\*)

(B)

 The model is a derivative of U-Net





ъ

< ≥ > < ≥

Toan et. al (Sun\*)

Vocal Classification

- The model is a derivative of U-Net
- Skip connections are passed through GRU first



Toan et. al (Sun\*)

Vocal Classification

SoICT 2019 10 / 19

( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( )

- The model is a derivative of U-Net
- Skip connections are passed through GRU first
- Input and output are spectrograms.



Toan et. al (Sun\*)

SoICT 2019 10 / 19

( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( )

#### **Vocal Classification**

Very standard audio classification settings:

- 13 MFCCs with 26 filter bands
- 3 stacked bidirectional LSTMs
- Softmax loss

( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( ) < ( )

SoICT 2019

315



# Table of Contents

- 1 The overalls
  - Motivation
  - Technologies
  - Our model
- 2 The specifics
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 3 The experiments
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 4 The afterthoughts

Toan et. al (Sun\*)

★ ∃ ►

#### **Vocal Segmentation**

#### Table: Vocal and non-vocal segmentation result

Song genre	CNN Precision			CNN + Viterbi Precision		
	Vocal	Non	Mean	Vocal	Non	Mean
		vocal			vocal	
Country	91.30	97.20	94.25	97.82	99.64	98.73
Balad	92.85	94.24	93.55	98.65	99.86	99.26
Bolero	94.32	90.24	92.28	96.30	98.12	97.21
Rock	88.23	97.15	90.69	90.64	90.67	97.10

イロト イヨト イヨト イヨト

#### Table: The result of vocal separation

	DSD100	MUSDB18
GRU Skip connection	5.92	5.84
LSTM Skip connection	5.82	5.78



Toan et. al (Sun\*)

Vocal Classification

SoICT 2019 14 / 19

#### Vocal Classification

# Vocal Classification Dataset

#### Distribution of the dataset:



Number of songs vs. Snger

Vocal Classification

#### Vocal Classification Result

#### Table: The result of vocal classification with two audio signal

	Mean precision	Mean recall	Mean F1 score
Raw signal	85.4	82.6	83.96
Separated signal	93.94	91.78	92.84



Toan et. al (Sun\*)

SoICT 2019 16 / 19

イロト イヨト イヨト イヨト

# Table of Contents

- 1 The overalls
  - Motivation
  - Technologies
  - Our model
- 2 The specifics
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 3 The experiments
  - Vocal Segmentation
  - Vocal Separation
  - Vocal Classification
- 4 The afterthoughts

SoICT 2019 17 / 19

(日)

#### Future works

#### Comparisons to be done



Toan et. al (Sun\*)

Vocal Classification

SoICT 2019 18 / 19

#### Future works

- Comparisons to be done
- Improvements to be made





Thank you for listening!



Toan et. al (Sun\*)

Vocal Classification

SoICT 2019 19 / 19